

1. Maruku: a Markdown-superset interpreter

Maruku is a Markdown interpreter written in Ruby.

Last release is version 0.7.2 – 2014-05-26.

Install using rubygems:

```
$ gem install maruku
```

Use this command to update to latest version:

```
$ gem update maruku
```

The official repository has moved to GitHub:

2. Maruku features

Maruku allows you to write in an easy-to-read-and-write syntax, like this:

[This document in Markdown](#)

Then it can be translated to HTML:

[This document in HTML](#)

or L^AT_EX, which is then converted to PDF:

[This document in PDF](#)

Maruku implements:

- the original [Markdown syntax \(HTML or PDF\)](#), translated by Maruku.
- all the improvements in [PHP Markdown Extra](#).
- a new [meta-data syntax](#)

Authors: Maruku has been developed so far by [Andrea Censi](#). The current maintainer is . Many other people contributed patches; a partial list is in the AUTHORS file in the source distribution.

The name of the game: Maruku is the [romaji](#) transliteration of the [katakana](#) transliteration of “Mark”, the first word in Markdown. I chose this name because Ruby is Japanese, and also the sillable “ru” appears in Maruku.

Table of contents: ([auto-generated by Maruku!](#))

1. Maruku: a Markdown-superset interpreter	1
2. Maruku features	1
2.1. Usage	2
2.1.1. Embedded Maruku	2
2.1.2. From the command line	2
2.2. Maruku summary of features	2

2.2.1. New meta-data syntax	3
2.2.2. Automatic generation of the table of contents	3
2.2.3. Use HTML entities	3
2.2.4. This header contains <i>emphasis</i> strong <code>text</code> and <code>code</code>	4
2.3. Examples of PHP Markdown Extra syntax	4

2.1. Usage

2.1.1. Embedded Maruku

This is the basic usage:

```
require 'rubygems'
require 'maruku'

doc = Maruku.new(markdown_string)
puts doc.to_html
```

The method `to_html` outputs only an HTML fragment, while the method `to_html_document` outputs a complete XHTML 1.0 document:

```
puts doc.to_html_document
```

2.1.2. From the command line

There is one command-line program installed: `maruku`.

Without arguments, it converts Markdown to HTML:

```
$ maruku file.md # creates file.html
```

With the `--pdf` arguments, it converts Markdown to L^AT_EX, then calls `pdflatex` to transform to PDF:

```
$ maruku --pdf file.md # creates file.tex and file.pdf
```

2.2. Maruku summary of features

- Supported syntax
 - Basic Markdown
 - Markdown Extra
 - Meta-data syntax
- Output
 - XHTML
 - * Syntax highlighting via the `syntax` library.
 - L^AT_EX
 - * Translation of HTML entities to L^AT_EX

- * Syntax highlighting via the `listings` package.
- Misc
 - Documentation for supported attributes
 - Automatic generation of the TOC

Experimental features (not released yet)

- [LaTeX Math syntax](#) (not enabled by default)
- An extension system for adding new syntax is available, but the API is bound to change in the future, so please don't use it.
- LaTeX to MathML using either one of `ritex`, `itex2mml`, `blahtex`.
- LaTeX to PNG using `blahtex`.

2.2.1. New meta-data syntax

Maruku implements a syntax that allows to attach “meta” information to objects.

See [this proposal](#) for how to attach metadata to the elements.

See the [documentation for supported attributes](#).

Meta-data for the document itself is specified through the use of email headers:

```
Title: A simple document containing meta-headers
CSS: style.css

Content of the document
```

When creating the document through

```
Maruku.new(s).to_html_document
```

the title and stylesheet are added as expected.

Meta-data keys are assumed to be case-insensitive.

2.2.2. Automatic generation of the table of contents

If you create a list, and then set the `toc` attribute, when rendering Maruku will create an auto-generated table of contents.

```
* This will become a table of contents (this text will be scraped).
{:toc}
```

You can see an example of this at the beginning of this document.

2.2.3. Use HTML entities

If you want to use HTML entities, go on! We will take care of the translation to LATEX:

Entity	Result
©	©
£	£
λ	λ
—	—

See the [list of supported entities \(pdf\)](#).

2.2.4. This header contains *emphasis* strong text and code

Note that this header contains formatting and it still works, also in the table of contents.

And [This is a link with all sort of weird stuff](#) in the text.

2.3. Examples of PHP Markdown Extra syntax

- tables

Col1 Very very long head Very very long head
----- :-----: -----
cell center-align right-align

Col1 Very very long head Very very long head
cell center-align right-align

- footnotes ¹

```
* footnotes [^foot]
[^foot]: I really was missing those.
```

- Markdown inside HTML elements

```
<div markdown="1" style="border:solid 1px black">
    This is a div with Markdown **strong text**
</div>
```

- header ids

```
## Download ##      {#download}
```

For example, [a link to the download header](#).

- definition lists

```
Definition list
: something very hard to parse
```

Definition list something very hard to parse

- abbreviations or ABB for short.

¹I really was missing those.